Empower and Support: Creating Equitable and Interactive Math Lessons for Multilingual Classroom

Emmanuelle Le Pichon (OISE, University of Toronto) Mai Naji (OISE, University of Toronto) Sudhashree Girmohanta (OISE, University of Toronto)





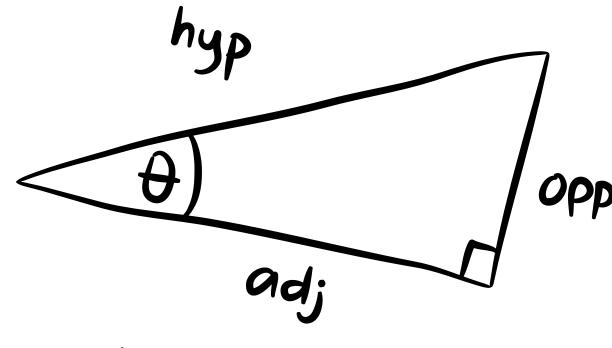




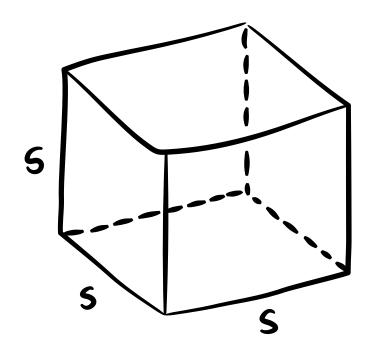


Our Plan

- Getting to know each other
- Project Overview
- Policy and Curriculum Context
- Teaching Math to Multilingual
 Learners
- Equitable & Interactive Resources
- Takeaways
- Q & A

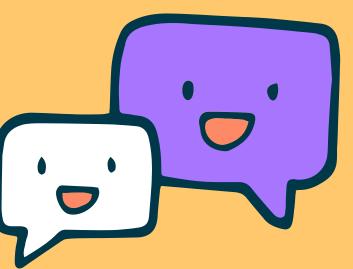


$$Sin(\theta) = \frac{opp}{hyp}$$



$$V = 5^3$$

Context, Issues, and Aim of the project,



Increase in Newcomers

Linguistically and Culturally Diverse Classrooms

Scarcity of Resources and Initiatives

Need for New Skills and Resources

Initiatives needed to support Teachers and Families

The ESCAPE
Projects
Introduces
approaches for
Teachers and
Families











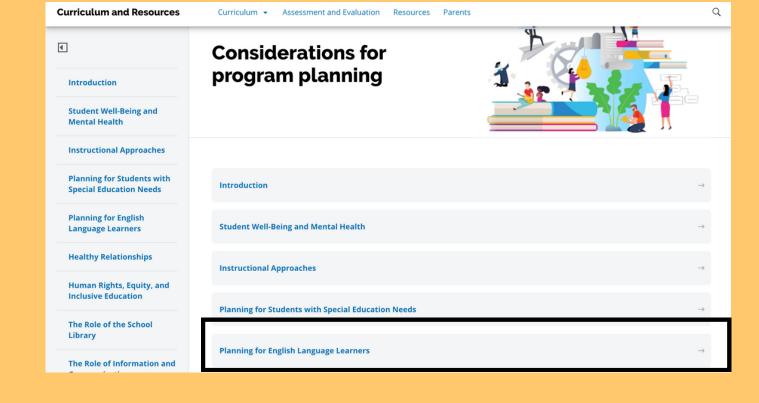
To support teachers, students and parents in teaching and learning STEM subjects

To incorporate multilingual students' first language as an important resource in their learning

To utilize a multilingual online educational platform, Binogi

To engage parents and families in their children's learning

What do curriculum & Ministry documents in Ontario tell us about supporting multilingual students?





In both the elementary and secondary panels, the teacher's comments should include relevant information on the student's demonstrated learning of the modified expectations, as well as next steps for the student's learning in the subject or course Planning for English Language Learners **English Language Learners in Ontario Schools** of approximately 28 per cent of the students in Ontario's English-language schools is a language other than English. In addition, some students use varieties of English – sometimes referred to as dialects – that differ significantly from the English required for success in Ontario schools. Many English language learners were born in Canada and have been raised in families and communities in which languages other than English, or varieties of English that differ from the language used in the classroom, are spoken. Other English language learners arrive in Ontario as newcomers from other countries; they may have experience of highly sophisticated educational systems, or they may have come from regions where access to formal schooling was limited. When they start school in Ontario, many of these students are entering a new linguistic and cultural environment. All teachers share in the responsibility for these students' English-language development As students who are learning English as a second or additional language in English-language schools, English language learners bring a rich diversity of background knowledge and experience to the classroom. These students' linguistic and cultural backgrounds not only support their learning in their new environment but also become a cultural asset in the classroom community. Effective teachers find positive ways to incorporate this diversity into their instructional programs and into the classroom Most English language learners in Ontario schools have age-appropriate proficiency in their first language, as well as age-appropriate literacy skills. Although they need frequent opportunities to use English at school, they also derive important educational and social benefits from continuing to develop their first language while they are learning English. Teachers should encourage parents to continue to use their own language at home, both to preserve the language as part of their children's heritage and identity and to provide a foundation for their language and literacy development in English. It is also important for teachers to find opportunities to bring students' languages into the classroom, using parents and community members as a resource English as a Second Language and English Literacy Development Programs During their first few years in Ontario schools, English language learners may receive support through one of two distinct programs designed to meet their language-learning needs:

THE ONTARIO CURRICULUM

GRADES 1-8

Mathematics 2020

Brain Teaser

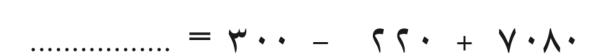
From Grade 3 Textbook – Syrian Curriculum



Find the answer!

٢. احسب بأسهل طريقة (ذهنياً):

$$\dots = \circ \circ \cdot + \forall \cdot \cdot \cdot + \cdot \cdot \cdot$$



$$= \circ \cdot \cdot + \circ \circ \cdot - \circ \circ \circ \cdot$$

$$\dots = | \circ \vee - \circ + \vee | \circ |$$

$$\dots = \vee \cdots + \vee \circ$$

71

| 1. | ٩ | ٨ | ٧ | 7 | 0 | ٤ | ٣ | ۲ | |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

Hint!

Brain Teaser

٢. احسب بأسهل طريقة (ذهنياً):



$$= \circ \circ \cdot + \forall \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot$$

Share your answer!

$$\dots = \forall \cdot \cdot - \quad \zeta \zeta \cdot + \quad \forall \cdot \wedge \cdot$$

$$= \circ \cdot \cdot + \circ \circ \cdot - \circ \circ \circ \cdot$$

$$= \circ \circ \circ - \circ + \circ \circ \circ$$

$$= \vee \cdots + \langle \circ + \vee \vee \circ$$

| 1. | ٩ | ٨ | ٧ | 7 | 0 | ٤ | ٣ | ۲ | 1 |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | S | 2 | 1 |

Why Multilingual and Digital Resources Matter?

- An effective way to promote inclusion in the classroom and at home
- Ensuring that all students have the opportunity to succeed
- Accommodate students with diverse linguistic backgrounds and create a more welcoming and inclusive environment for students and families
- Teach students to use digital resources in the right way



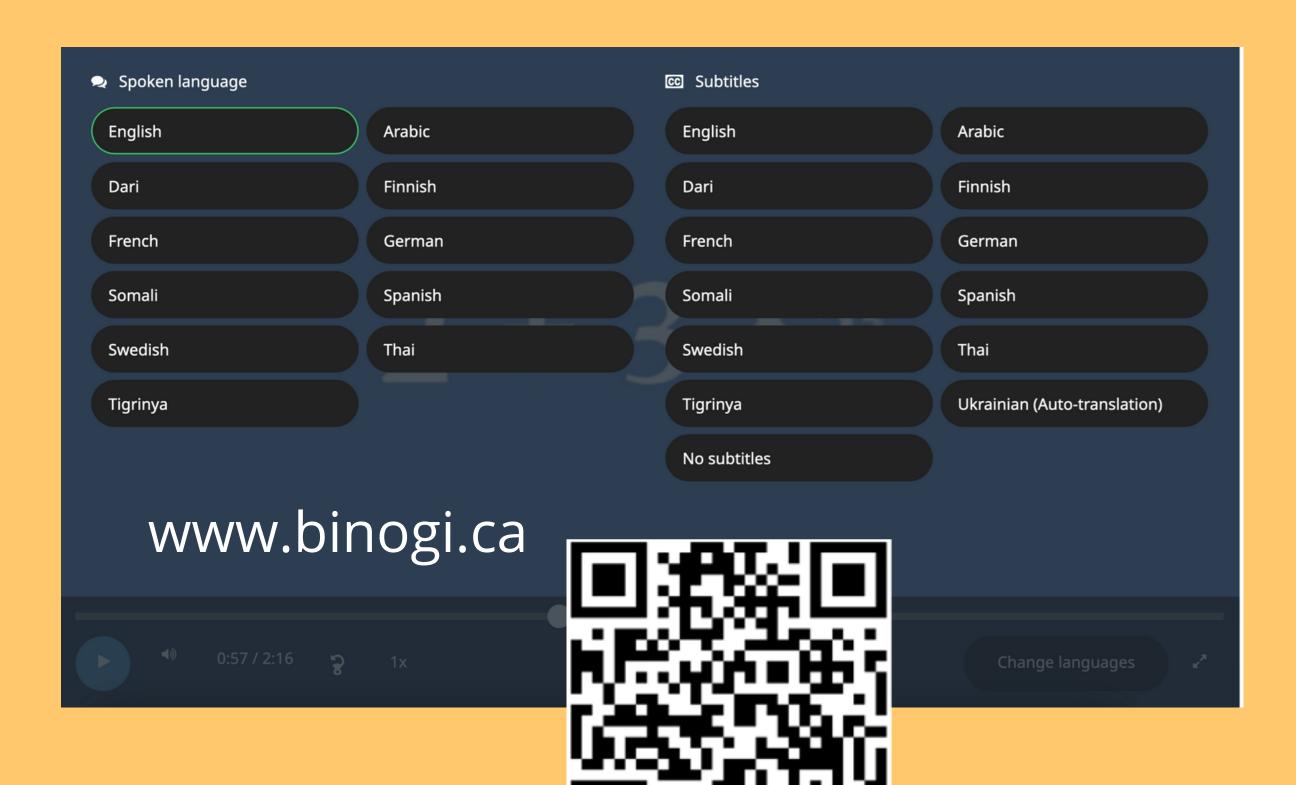
Binogi.ca Multilingual Online Platform for Math & Science

- Supports equitable classroom instruction
- Supports multilingual students' learning of STEM
- Content for math and science
- Engaging multilingual animated videos
- Quizzes
- Home learning



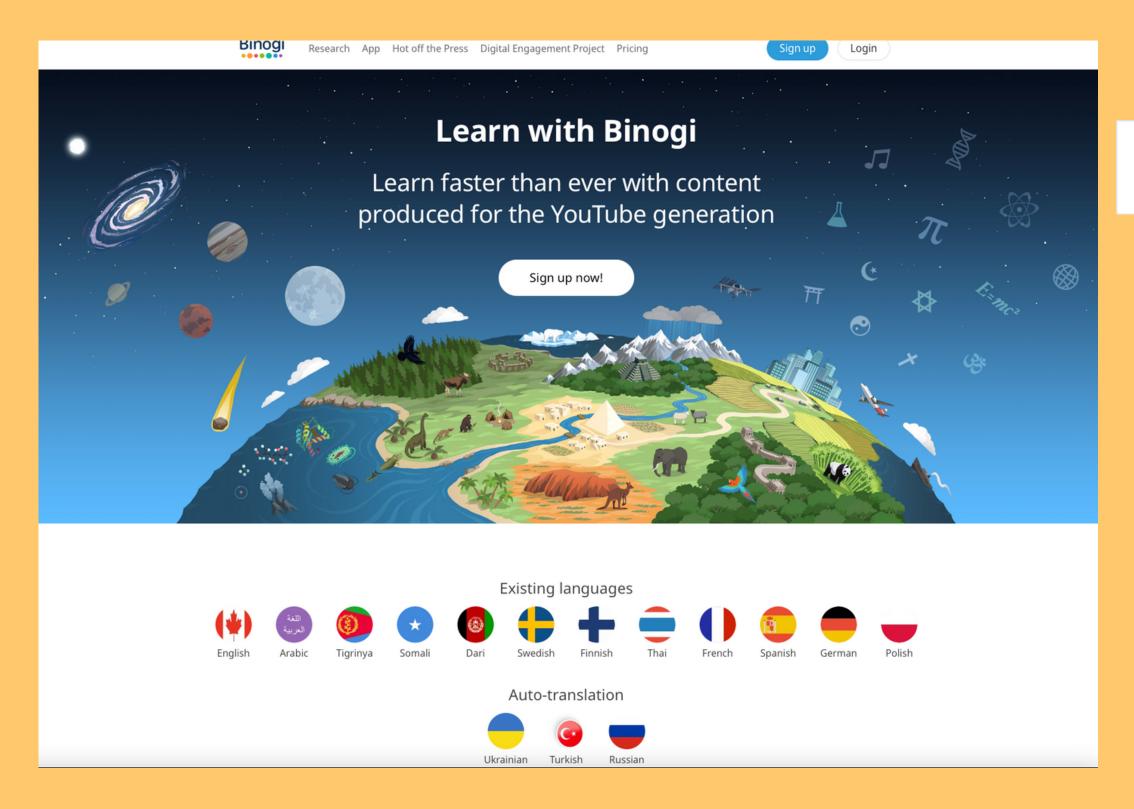


Many Languages



- Interactive graphics
- Multiple languages
- Engaging storytelling
- Self-paced learning

Let's try it out

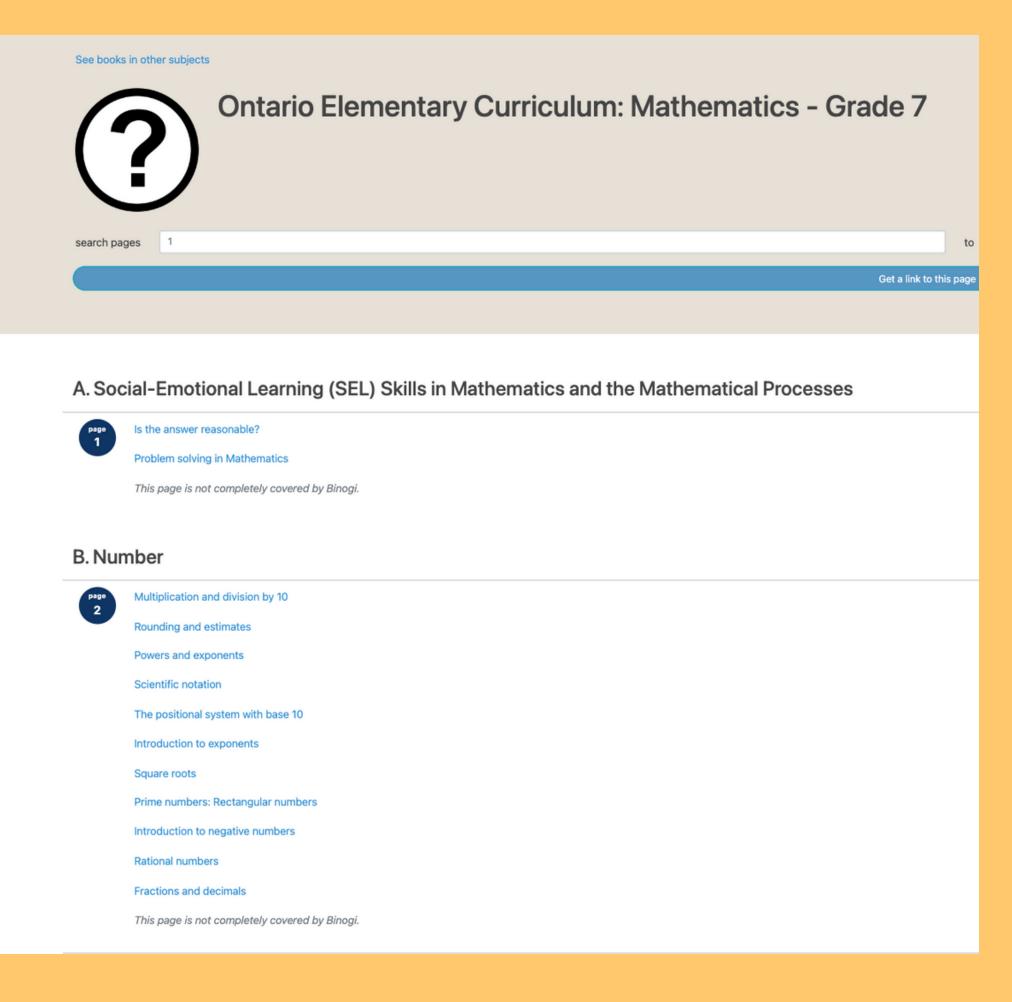


Binogi.ca

binogi.ca

Linking Binogi to Curriculum

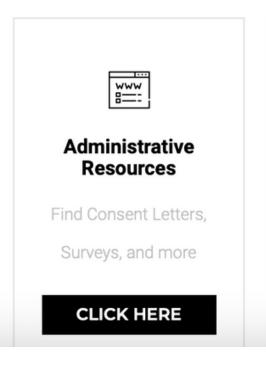
https://books.binogi.ca/





Join our escape cafés!

CLICK HERE TO REGISTER

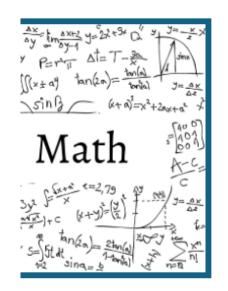






THE ESCAPE PROJECT WEBSITE

Teaching Resources









Create a Free Teacher Account https://escapeprojects.ca/register/

ESCAPE Projects Website: Resources



Science & Math Lesson Plans/Activities

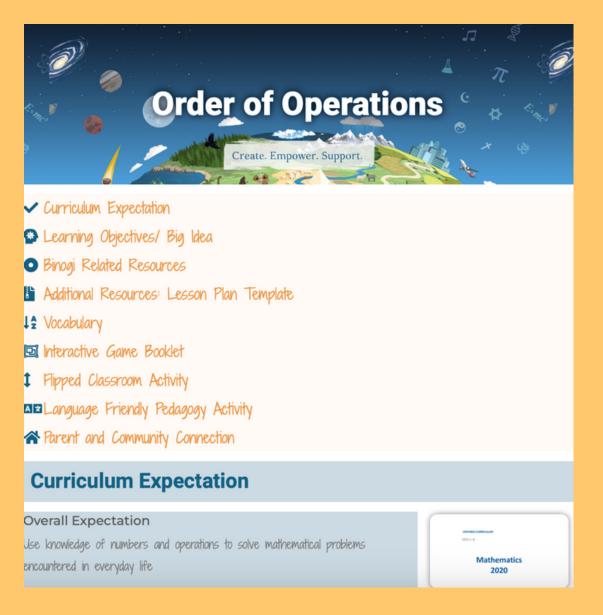
Science & Math Bilingual Concept Lists

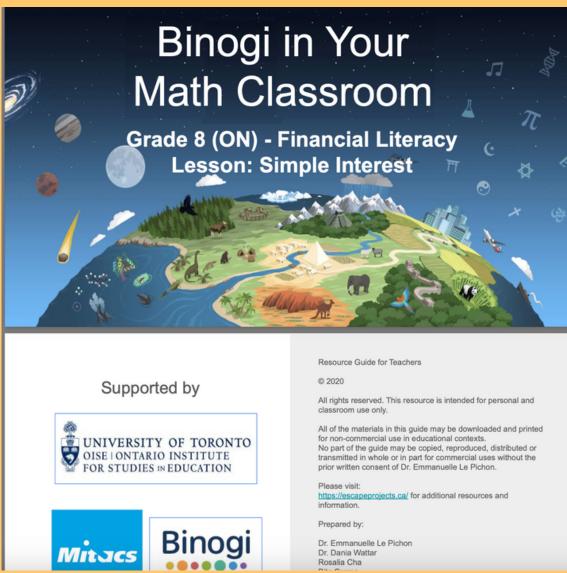
Instructional Strategies

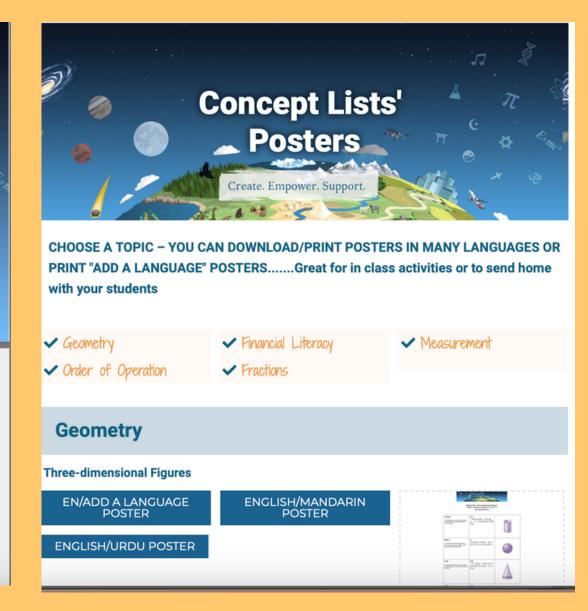
Curriculum Mapping

International Curriculum Comparison

ESCAPE Projects Website: Resources







ESCAPE Projects Website: Resources



Binogi Video: Simple Interest English-Arabic Bilingual Concept List The Escape Projects

| | The Escape Frojects | |
|---|---|--|
| Interest The price paid for borrowing money by the person who borrows the money. | الغائدة الثمن المدفوع لاقتراض المال من قبل الشخص الذي يقترض المال. | Principal Interest |
| Percentage (Percent) Refers to the share of something measured in points per hundred. For example, if half the students in a class are females, then the percentage of females in the class is fifty. | النسبة المنوية (٪) تشير إلى جزء الرحمة من شيء تقلس بالنقاط لكل مائة على سبيل المثال، إذا كان نصف الطلاب في القصل من الإنك، فإن نسبة الإناث في القصل هي خمسون. | Interest $\frac{50.1}{52} = 0.05 = 5\%$ |
| Principal The original amount of a loan or an investment before any interest is added. | المبلغ الأصلي المبلغ الأصلي للقرض أو الاستثمار، قبل إضافة أي فاندة. | Borrow money? |
| Simple Interest Interest calculated on the principal amount of the loan. | الفائدة بسيطة الفائدة المحسوبة على المبلغ الأساسي للقرض. | Principal: \$500 Interest rate: 5% \$500 · 0.05 = \$25 |



Binogi Video:Compound Interests English-Urdu Bilingual Concept List The Escape Projects

| | The Escape Projects | |
|---|--|--|
| Percentage (percent, percentag es) Refers to the share of something measured in points per hundred. For example, if half the students in a class are females then the percentage of females in the class is fifty. | فیصد جب کسی چیز کی کل تعداد کو ۱۰۰ کا اصطلاح دے کر اس کے حصوں کر ۱۰۰ کی نسبت سے ناپا ہے۔ مثالاً، اگر کلاس میں نصف طلباء خواتین ہیں تو کلاس کے پچاس فیصد طلباء خواتین ہیں۔ | Percent = hundredity |
| Change factor The number that you multiply by the original amount to get the amount after a change. | تبدیلی کا عنصر وہ عدد جسے آپ اصل رقم کو ضرب دیتے بین تاکہ تبدیلی کے بعد رقم حاصل کی جاسکے۔ | 1000 + (1000 × 0.1) = 1000 × 1 Change factor (1 + interest rate) |
| Interest The price paid for borrowing money by the person who borrows the money. | سود ایک ادائیگی جو ایک قرض دار رقم قرض لینے کے بدلے میں بھرتا ہے | View 0 Principal 51000 Interest rate 10% |
| Compound interest The sum of the interest, calculated on all previous interests as well as the starting sum. | مرکب سود مقررہ دورانیہ تک جمع ہونے سود کو اصل رقم میں شامل کر کے حاصل ہونے والی رقم جس کو پھر اگلے دورانیہ کی اصل رقم سمجھا جاتا ہے | Compound interest Proceed SIGID Interest rate 17th Total Compound SIGID Interest rate 17th Total Compound SIGID Interest rate 17th Total Compound Interest rate 17th Total Compound Interest rate 17th Total Compound Interest |
| Principal The original amount of a loan or an investment, before any interest is added. | اصل رقم قرض یا سرمایہ کاری میں ادا کی گئی اصل رقم، اس سے پہلے کہ کوئی سود شامل کیا گیا ہو۔ | 1000 + (1000 × 0.1) = 1000 × 1 Principal Change factor (1 + interest rate) |
| Exponential expression A term that is made up of a number and a smaller number in the top right corner. The small number tells you how many times to multiply the larger number by itself. | کفایتی اصطلاح ایک اصطلاح جو ایک عدد اور اس کے اوپری دائیں کونے میں ایک اور چپوٹے عدد پر مشتمل بوتا ہے۔ یہ چھوٹا عدد بناتا ہے کے بڑے عدد کر کئنی نفعہ اپنے آپ سے ضرب دینا چاہیے | $\underbrace{1.1 \times 1.1 \times 1.1 \times 1.1 \times 1.1}_{1.1^{5} = 1.61051} = 1000 \times 1.1^{5}$ |
| Debt (debts) An amount of money that you owe to someone or something. | قرض کونی رقم جو کسی انسان یا ادارے پر واجب الانا ہے۔ | Principal 51000 Interest rate: 10% Debt after 1 year: 1000 + (1000 x 0.1) |



Binogi Video: Expanding and reducing fractions: Introduction Bilingual Concept List The Escape Projects

| The Escape Projects | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Ratio The relationship in number or quantity between two or more things. | Add your own language! | a & value = ratio | | | | |
| Quotient The answer you get when you divide one number by another number. | | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | |
| Decimal point (decimal comma) The dot that separates a whole number from tenths, hundredth, thousandths etc. | | 0.25/ | | | | |
| Factor (factors) Any of the numbers that when multiplied together form a product. Or a number that evenly divides a larger number. | | $\frac{21}{28} = \frac{21\pi}{28\pi}$ | | | | |
| Expand (expanded, expanding) When you multiply both the numerator and denominator of a fraction by the same amount. | | $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{a \cdot x}{b \cdot x}$ expanding | | | | |
| Simplify (simplified) When you divide both the numerator and denominator of a fraction by the same amount. | | $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{a/x}{b/x}$ simplifying | | | | |

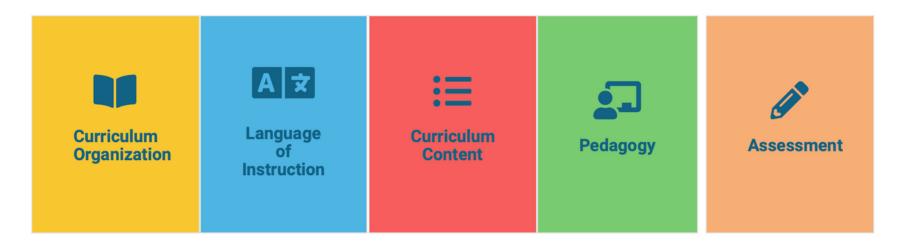


Curriculum comparison between countries

Example: Ontario & Syria

How could teachers use this information?

How Do Countries Compare?





Discover more about your students' prior learning & funds of knowledge!

Ontario New Brunswick Afghanistan China

Egypt India Iraq Iran Jordan South Korea

Lebanon Pakistan Syria

Exploring Curricula of Different Countries

AFGHANISTAN

Two education systems exist in parallel in Afghanistan. Religious education is the responsibility of clerics at mosques, while the government provides free academic education at state schools. From age 7 to age 13, pupils attend primary schools where they learn the basics of reading, writing, arithmetic and their national culture. Three years of middle school follow where academic-style education continues. Students must pass an examination at the end of this phase if they wish to study further. At secondary school, students have a choice between continuing with an academic path for 3 years that could perhaps lead on to university, or study subjects such as applied agriculture, aeronautics, arts, commerce, and teacher training instead. Both programs culminate in a bacilluria examination. The Ministry of Education (MoE) is responsible for the administration of primary education, secondary education, vocational education, and religious education, including funding, policy development, curriculum design, evaluation, and basic teacher education. Primary education runs from grades 1 to 6. Children typically begin school between the ages of six and eight. The primary curriculum is consistent nationwide; however, teachers can tailor it to the local content.

Read More

Primary education is divided into two cycles. The first cycle covers grades 1 to 3, and the curriculum includes subjects such as religious studies, first language (Dari or Pashtu, depending on the region), mathematics, arts, and physical education. The second cycle includes grades 4 to 6. The curriculum covers the same subjects as the first cycle, plus additional subjects such as natural sciences, history, geography, and a secondary language (Dari or Pashtu, depending on the region). At the end of grade 6, students must pass an examination to gain admission to lower secondary education [Maktabeh Motevasteh]. At this point, they may opt to pursue a religious studies track, or a more general education track. The vast majority of students pursue the latter. Secondary education includes two three-year cycles. The first cycle, from grades 7 to 9, is referred to as lower secondary education, and the second cycle, from grades 10 to 12, is referred to as higher secondary education. The curriculum of the first cycle includes subjects such as religious studies, local languages, mathematics, natural sciences, social studies, foreign languages (English, German, French and Russian), and physical education. Students who pass the examination at the end of grade 9 can continue to higher secondary education. (Upon completion of grade 9, students may opt to pursue technical and secondary vocational education, rather than higher secondary education.) The curriculum of higher secondary education is determined by whether the students choose to focus on natural sciences steam or social studies stream, although the subjects taken are largely the same, and duplicate most of the subjects taken in lower secondary education. No matter which streams the students take, they need to pass the graduation exam to be awarded the 12th grade graduation certificate.





Family Page in Home Language

- Create language bridges and increase access to curriculum content
 - Leads to improved communication between school and home
- Provide families with resources and strategies to support their child's learning
 - Boosts parental involvement and supports students at home
 - Fosters a welcoming and inclusive environment





Takeaway

Use a variety of strategies and resources to support students with different learning needs and backgrounds

Appreciate the steps required to solve a "simple question" in a different language (which might include direction!)

take the time to
learn about your
students and their
funds of
knowledge

Accommodate learners with translation tools



Activity: Concept Detective



Question:

Malik has 3 new rolls of fabric to sell in his clothing store, one red, one blue and one green. He measures the fabric using lengths of his body. His first customer buys 2 gaz of red fabric and 3 gaz and 2.5 baalisht of blue fabric. His second customer buys 6 gaz and 1.5 baalisht of red fabric and 8 gaz of green fabric. If each roll of fabric is 4000 cm long initially, how much fabric is left on each of the rolls, in cm, after the second customer's purchase.

The width of Malik's hand is 17.5 cm, the length of his arm (from shoulder to wrist) is 32.96 cm and the width of his shoulders is 40 cm.



EQAO Gr. 9 Sample Question

Question 5

Flag this question.

A landscaper uses boot length to estimate distances.

The length of the boot is about 32 cm long.

If the landscaper makes a gap at has a width of $3.5\,\mathrm{m}$, approximately how many boot lengths is the width of the gard ?

1 boot length

9 boot lengths

11 boot lengths

36 boot lengths





Possible difficulties Multilingual and multicultural learners could face

Imperial vs. Metric system

landscaper? gardener?

Boot? Is it a name of a tool?

different ways of measuring

: arm

: handspan

Lessons from this short introduction to our projects!



- Math is incredibly verbal;
- There are no languages in which one cannot learn;
- Being equitable means providing equitable (language) tools to our multilingual students;
- Being inclusive means involving students and their families in the content,
- and seeking the support of our students and their families in creating that content.

THANK YOU!



Need more information? Please reach out to us at apprendreenligne@outlook.com

