

## Supported by







#### Resource Guide for Teachers

© 2020

All rights reserved. This resource is intended for personal and classroom use only.

All of the materials in this guide may be downloaded and printed for non-commercial use in educational contexts.

No part of the guide may be copied, reproduced, distributed or transmitted in whole or in part for commercial uses without the prior written consent of Dr. Emmanuelle Le Pichon.

#### Please visit:

https://escapeprojects.ca/ for additional resources and information.

#### Prepared by:

Dr. Emmanuelle Le Pichon Dr. Dania Wattar Rosalia Cha Bita Correa Jhonel Morvan Mai Naji Neha Kapileshwarker

#### Reviewed by:

Dr. Alexandre Cavalcante

## Grade 6 - B2. Divisibility

## : Example of Learning Objectives and Big Ideas

## **Overall Expectation**

#### **B2. Operations**

use knowledge of numbers and operations to solve mathematical problems encountered in everyday life

## **Specific Expectation**

**B2.2** understand the **divisibility rules** and use them to determine whether numbers are divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and 10

## Learning Objectives

Learn the divisibility rules Show whether a number is divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and 10

### Big Idea

There are rules that help us identify whether a number is divisible by certain prime numbers. These rules help us when we solve mathematical problems

#### **Assessment**

- 1. Assessment FOR (formative assessment)
- :Minds On, Action
- 2. Assessment OF (self- and peer-assessment)

Consolidation

#### Source:

https://www.dcp.edu.gov.on.ca/en/curriculum/elementary-mathematics/grades/g6-math/strand-b/b2

## **B2.2 Mathematical Terms and Resources/Materials**

## Vocabulary

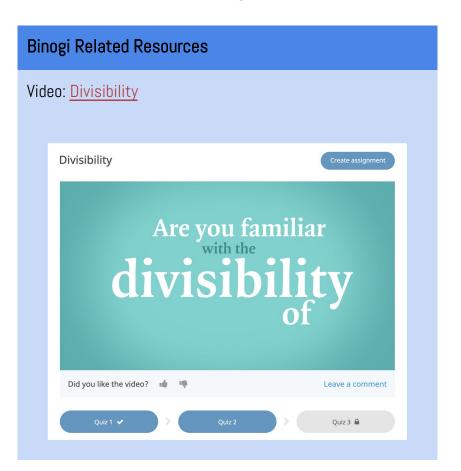
number, divide(d), Factor, divisibility, rules, divisibility rules, evenly, another, determine, integers, sign, positive, negative, decimal numbers, whole numbers

### Pair/Group Activities

Please follow your school's <u>Covid-19 safety protocols</u> for any pair/group activities.

## Language Friendly Pedagogy

At the beginning of the lesson, students will be invited to add key terms in their <u>Concept Detective</u> and add any new words that they come across throughout the lesson.



## At the beginning of class... (5 ~ 10 min)

- 1. Share learning objectives -
- 2. Co-create success criteria
  - Sample: I know the rule of divisibility by 5
  - I can explain why a number is or is not divisible by 5
- 1. Ask the students to write the word *divisibility & divisibility rules* in their <u>Concept Detective</u> and tell them to think about the meaning of these words throughout the lesson. (other concepts that students may need to add to their document include: *number, divide(d), Factor, divisibility, rules, divisibility rules, evenly, another, determine, integers, sign, positive, negative, decimal numbers, whole numbers and any new terms they learned).*
- 2. Diagnostic Questions: Teachers should systematically start with 2 or 3 diagnostic questions
  - a) by using the previous year's specific expectation:

a)  $24 \div 6$ 

b) 25 ÷ 5

b) OR by students doing Binogi quizzes

Grade 5	Grade 6	Grade 7	
<b>B2.2</b> recall and demonstrate multiplication facts from 0 × 0 to 12 × 12, and related division facts	<b>B2.2</b> understand the divisibility rules and use them to determine whether numbers are divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9,	B2.2 understand and recall commonly used percents, fractions, and decimal equivalents	
iacis	and 10		

Source: https://assets-us-01.kc-usercontent.com/fbd574c4-da36-0066-a0c5-849ffb2de96e/c2dea171-e219-4ec0-b097-24c959fcc924/Number AODA.pdf

<sup>\*</sup> How can we use multiplication facts to help us find division facts? \* How can we use the multiplication facts to know that answer to:

# Minds On

Task Component	Instruction	Assessment Focus Look Fors	Notes
Before (Activation/ Review) ~5-10 mins	Ask students about how many different ways we can divide 12 into equal parts without remainder.  Give students 12 counters and ask them to try the different ways they can divide 12 evenly.  If teaching online, ask students to move counters in the following slides  Complete Activity: Divisibility of 12 counters by different numbers.  Can you put them in two containers?  Two Boxes  Answer:  Twelve Counters  Twelve Counters can be moved into two boxes without a remainder.  12 is divisible by 2.	How do students represent their understandings and linkages between concepts?  How does the activity connect to, and help prepare students for problem solving?  How are you interacting with your students?	Teacher records answer / wonderings / understandings. Asks students to elaborate/explain their responses with the class.

# **Action**

Task Component	Instruction	Assessment Focus Look Fors	Notes
During (Working on it) ~20 mins	Tell students that: There are number patterns that can be used to quickly test whether a number can be evenly divided by another number. Small numbers are easy to sort like you did in the example. However, for big numbers, divisibility rules allow us to check whether a number is divisible by a number.  Start by thinking about divisibility by 2.  Which of the following numbers are divisible by 2? How do you know?  2, 12, 24, 13, 25, 38, 66,69,102,10001,10002	What role do I and my students play during the problem solving process?  What strategies do we predict students will use to do the math?  What strategies are students using to do the math?	Have your students watch the videos in the language of their choice.  Record students' thoughts.  Think-pair-share: student think on their own first, then share with their partner, then with the class.

# Consolidation

Task Component	Instruction	Assessment Focus Look Fors	Notes
After (Reflecting/ Connecting/ Consolidating)~1 5 mins	Recall the divisibility rule for "2" and ask students to revisit the meaning of divisibility and divisibility rules in their concept detective.  Use the "Create assignment feature on Binogi and assign the divisibility video as a homework"  Ask students to watch the video.  Encourage students to fill in the following sheet in a language of their choice to record their learning from the video.	How are you consolidating student learning? Which strategy was used (Congress, Gallery Walk, Bansho, etc.) and why?  How do you determine what should be highlighted? How is it connected to the learning goal/expectations? How is student thinking annotated?  What roles do you and your students take on during the consolidation?	

# **Parents and Community Connection**

### Home Assignment

- : <u>Concept Detective</u> students can complete any terms they did not complete and add any mathematical terms they wish to include in their glossary with their parents
- : Students watch the Binogi video they watched in class at home with their parents either in English or in one of the provided languages (there is an option for subtitles). Discuss.
- : After the video, have students and family members brainstorm their own question and ways to answer the question

