

Binogi Video: The Pythagorean theorem English-Mandarin Bilingual Concept List <u>The Escape Projects</u>

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| Hypotenuse The longest side of a right-angled triangle. | 斜边 直角三角形的最长边。 | Hypotenuse |
| Irrational number A number that cannot be written as a fraction and when written as a decimal number, it has an infinite number of decimal digits that do not repeat. | 无理数 一种无法用分数表达的数字,当用小 数表达时,其为无限不循环小数。 | Bonus $1 \int_{1}^{1} C = \sqrt{2}$ |
| Exponential expression A term that is made up of a number and a smaller number in the top right corner. The small number tells you how many times to multiply the larger number by itself. | 指数表达 由一个数字和其右上角相对较小的数 字够成的术语。较小数字代表了较大 数字需要自乘几次。 | $c^{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $c^{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $c^{2} = \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{44}$ $c^{2} = \frac{1}{12}$ $c^{2} = \frac{1}{12}$ |
| Square root The number you should multiply by itself to find the number you have in front of you. | 平方根 通过自乘得出相应平方进而反推得来 的数字。 | $c^{2} = \vec{a} + \vec{b} \qquad \sqrt{c^{2}} = \sqrt{169}$ $c^{2} = 5^{2} + 12^{2}$ $c^{2} = 25 + 144$ $c^{2} = 169$ $5 \qquad 12$ |
| Pythagorean theorem In a right-angled triangle, the square of the longest side equals the sum of the squares of the two shorter sides. | 勾股定理 在直角三角形中,最长边的平方等于 短边的平方之和。 | Pythagorean theorem |
| Isolate To separate one term (usually an unknown term) from the other terms in an equation, by placing it on one side of an equation. | 分离 通过将方程中的某项移到方程一侧的 方式,将其与其他项分开。 | Summary The forthagerisin theorem is $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$ b^2 b |



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